SGA

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SFD-1000
Installation Manual

Be
Different.

Safety Cautions:

- It is necessary to install and operate only informed and trained people.

- Before starting the installation operation, read this instruction carefully.

- Avoid opening the detector when it is power on in environments where there is a possibility of flammable gas.

- Before opening the detector, make sure it is power off.

Content

1   Introduction

Flame detector model SFD-1000 is designed and manufactured for fast detection of the flame and prevent its spread in industrial, workshop environments, using ultraviolet and infrared sensors with false alarm rejection technology.

This text is used to guide the installation, operation, maintenance and repair of the flame detector model SFD-1000

2   Mechanical Features

1) Body Material:
   - Aluminum (Epoxy-Coated)
   - Stainless Steel (Optional)
2) Body Color: Red
3) Dimension:
   Without Bracket: 127(W) x 127(H) x 167.5(D) mm
   With Bracket: 442(W) x 127(H) x 167.5(D) mm
4) Weight:
   - Aluminum with mounting Bracket 2 KG
   - Stainless Steel with mounting bracket 5 Kg

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3   Main Features

1) Sensor:
   - Ultra-violent: 185-260 nm
   - Infra-red: 4-4.6 µm
2. Detection Distance: 25 meters for 0.1 m^2 Standard n-Heptane fire
3. Field of View (FOV): Vertical and Horizontal 100°
4. Response Time:
   - Operating <5 sec 0.1 m^2 Standard n-Heptane pan fire @ 25 meters
   - According to EN54-10 <30 sec 0.1 m^2 Standard n-Heptane pan fire @ 25 meters
5. Automatic Built-in Test: (Voltages, Sensor, window)
6. Signals:
   - Dry Contact:
     - Alarm Relay: 7A 230 VAC
     - Fault Relay: 7A 230 VAC
   - 0-20 mA Analog Current Output (Source)
   - RS-485 Interface (Modbus)
7. Operating Voltage: 18-30 VDC
8. Power Consumption:

Condition	UV/IR – SFD-1000-U	IR4 – SFD-1000-R
Normal Condition without Built-in Test Models	90 mA	50 mA
Normal Condition with Built-in Test Models	150 mA	90 mA
Alarm Condition	90 mA	90 mA

9. Cable Entry: 2xM20
10. Indicator:
    - Status LED:
      - Bi-color: Red and Green
      - Alarm LED Red
11. Accessories:
    - Flame Simulator: Model SFD-1000-SU
    - Sunshade: Model SFD-1000-SS
    - Swivel Mounting Bracket: SFD-1000-MB
12. Approvals:
    - ATEX: (Exd IIC T6)
    - IECEX: (Exd IIC T6)
    - Ingress Protection Rating: IP65
13. Environmental Condition:
    - Operating Temp.: -40 ~ +75° C
    - Operating Temp.: -50 ~ +80° C
    - Relative Humidity: 5 to 99% RH (Non-Condensing)

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4   Ordering Numbers

SFD-1000-X-Y-T

SFD-1000	X: Sensor Type	Y: Body Material	T: Automatic BIT
	• U: UV/IR • R: IR4	• A: Aluminum • S: SS 316	• Y: Included • N: Not Included

Accessories:

1) Flame Simulator: Model SFD-1000-SU
2) Sunshade: Model SFD-1000-SS
3) Swivel Mounting Bracket: SFD-1000-MB

5   False Alarm Immunity

According to the method of detection and operation of the flame detector, there are various cases that may cause false alarms. The table below shows the safe distances of the SFD-1000 model detector against false alarm conditions:

Table 1: False Alarm Immunity Conditions

Item	Description	SFD-1000-U Immune at Distance (m)	SFD-1000-R Immune at Distance (m)
1	Direct or reflected sunlight	IAD	IAD
2	Arc welding DC (190 ± 20) A, 7014 rod	3	3
3	Grinding metal	1	1
4	Fluorescent lamp 35W * 2	IAD	IAD
5	Halogen lamp 1kW	IAD	IAD
6	Halogen lamp 500W	IAD	IAD
7	Radiation Heater 1.5kW with Fan	IAD	IAD
8	Radiation Heater 3kW	IAD	IAD
9	Incandescent light 300W	IAD	IAD
10	Mercury vapor lamp 175W	IAD	IAD
11	Sodium lamp 70W	IAD	IAD
12	Lit cigarette	IAD	IAD
13	Lit cigar	IAD	IAD
14	Match, Wood, Stick including flare up	1	1
15	Flashlight (MX 991/U, Pelican Stealth Lite 2460)	IAD	IAD
16	Video Projector Lamp	IAD	IAD

- IAD: Immune at any distance

6   Output Signals in Different Conditions

SFD-1000 model flame detector has the ability to send output signals in the following different types:

- Analog: 0-20 mA
- Relay: Pre-Alarm, Alarm, Fault
- Modbus RS-485

The following table 2 shows different outputs in normal, fault and alarm conditions:

Table 2: Output Signals in different conditions

Item	Status	Status LED	Alarm LED	Alarm Relay	Fault Relay	Analog output
1	Warm-Up	Green, Red Flickers Alternately for 500ms	Red Flickers for 500ms	OFF	OFF	4 mA ± 3%
2	Normal	Green Flickers once in 3s	OFF	OFF	OFF	4 mA ± 3%
3	B.I.T.	Green Flickers once in 3s	OFF	OFF	ON	4 mA ± 3%
4	Trouble 1 Voltage Variation	Yellow Flickers once in 1s	OFF	OFF	ON	0 mA ± 3%
5	Trouble 2 B.I.T. Error	Yellow Flickers twice in 1s	OFF	OFF	ON	1 mA ± 3%
6	Trouble 3 System Error	Yellow Flickers three times in 1s	OFF	OFF	ON	2 mA ± 3%
7	Trouble 4 Sensor Error	Yellow Flickers Four times in 1s	OFF	OFF	ON	3 mA ± 3%
8	Pre-Alarm	Green Flickers once in 3s	Red flickers for 200ms	OFF	OFF	12 mA ± 3%
9	Alarm	Green Flickers once in 3s	Red lights on	ON	OFF	20 mA ± 3%

7   Detector Settings Adjustment:

SFD-1000 flame detector can be adjusted in the following three parameters:

- Alarm Latching (SW1-Switch Number 3)

In accordance with the EN-54 standard, in case of an alarm, the flame detector can be reset only by cutting off the power supply. Reset settings are possible automatically or by cutting off the power supply in the following two options:

1. Latch: Reset by disconnecting and reconnecting the power supply of the detector
2. Non-Latch: Automatically resets and returns to normal condition at least one minute after the flame goes out

Note: The factory default setting is Latching Alarm

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- Sensitivity (SW1-Switch Number 1 and 2)

The higher the sensitivity, the higher the flame detection speed and the flame detection distance, and on the other hand, it increases the probability of false alarms. For example, if the detector is placed in front of Flare in the project and it causes a false alarm, it is possible to remove the false alarm by reducing the sensitivity. Flame detection sensitivity can be adjusted in the following four levels:

1. Higher Flame Detection Sensitivity
2. High Flame Detection Sensitivity
3. Medium Flame Detection Sensitivity
4. Low Flame Detection Sensitivity

Note: The factory default setting is high sensitivity.

- Built-in Test or Self-test (SW1-Switch Number 4)

SFD-1000 is able to check operation of Sensors, cleanness of window and other critical parameters continuously as option if ordered by costumer. If SFD-1000 is equipped with Built-in test there are 2 adjustments

1. With Built-in Test
2. Without built0in test

Mentioned adjustments will be done by Dipswitch SW1 according to Figure 1 and Table 3

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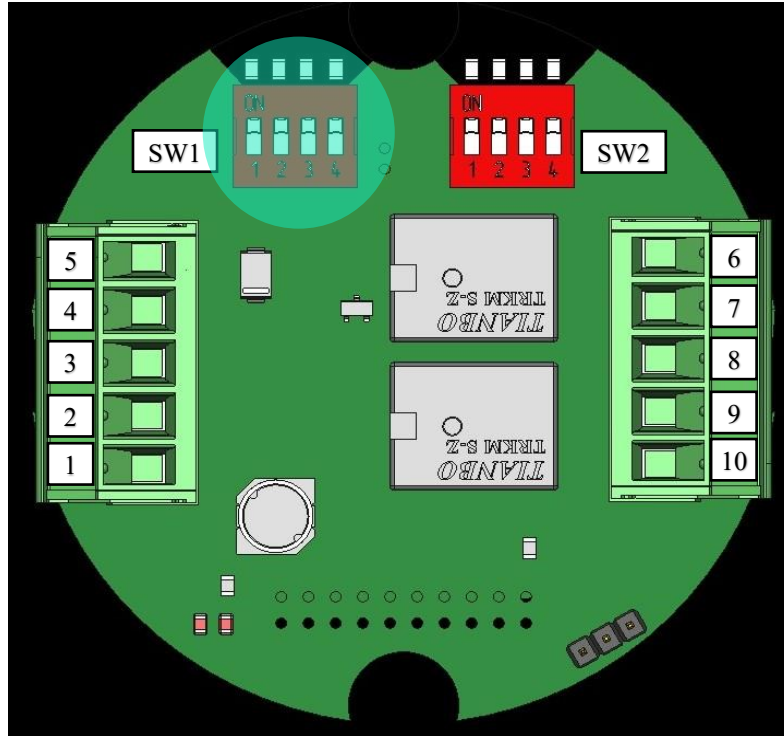
Figure :¹ Setting Adjustment Dip-switch location

Table 3: Setting Adjustment at Dipswitch SW1

Item	Description	Configuration	SW1	Switch Position		Factory configuration
1	Sensitivity Level	Higher	1-2	ON: 1,2 / OFF:		High
2		High		ON: 2 / OFF: 1		
3		Medium		ON: 1 / OFF: 2		
4		Low		ON: / OFF: 1,2		
5	Alarm Latch	Latch	3	ON: 3 / OFF:		Latch
6		Non-Latch		ON: / OFF: 3		
7	BIT-Configuration	With BIT	4	ON: 4 / OFF:		With BIT
8		With-out BIT		ON: / OFF: 4		

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8   Installation instruction

Installing the flame detector on site or opening or operating the cover of the installed flame detector should only be done by an approved user or our company's installation and repair person. Failure to do so may cause fire, explosion, or other serious personal injury and property damage. Also, please work only after checking the presence of residual explosive gases or flammable materials around and disconnecting the power supply.

8.1   Swivel Mounting Bracket Installation

According to the type of mounting bracket and its ability to be adjusted in different directions (horizontal and vertical angles), it is possible to install the detector on the ceiling, wall, and on the two-inch pipe.
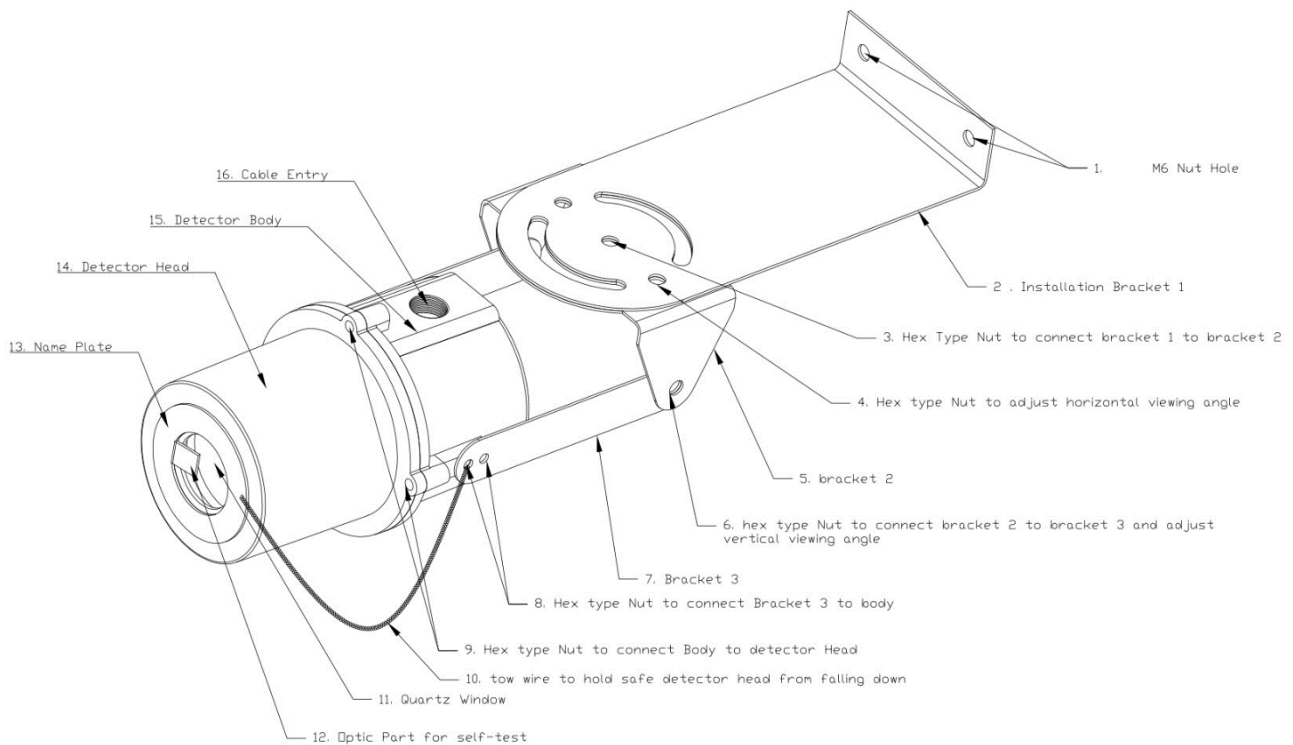
Figure 2: Outline drawing and detector parts

In case of installation at the ceiling, remove bracket 1 and use brackets 2 and 3.
In case of installation on the wall or 2-inch pipe, use M6 U-Bolt (Item 1-Figure 2)

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8.2   Installing Detector on Swivel Mounting Bracket

According to Figure 2, the detector body is connected to the adjustable base by bracket 3 (Item 7) and to the detector body by two M5 screws (Item 8).

8.3   Opening Detector Head

After installing the gland and placing the cable from Item 16 in figure 2 (it is possible to install the gland in two directions up and down), in order to wire the detector, according to figure 2, open four M6 screws (item 9) with an Allen key and the Detector Head section (Item 14) is separated from the body. It is necessary to explain that in order to prevent damage or falling from a height, Detector Head is connected to Detector Body (Item 15) by a towing wire (Item 10). (Before opening the Detector Head, make sure there is a towing wire.)

Then according to paragraph 10, the required wiring is done.

8.4   Closing Detector Head

After wiring the detector, the Detector Head is connected to the Detector Body and four M6 screws (Item 9) are closed with an Allen wrench.

8.5   Adjusting Viewing Angle

The angle of the detector can be adjusted in both horizontal and vertical axes.
If you need to adjust the tilt in the horizontal axis, use screws No. 3 and 4 according to Figure 2.
If you need to adjust the tilt in the vertical axis, according to Figure 2, use screws No. 6 on both sides of the detector.

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9 Input and Output Terminals

The SFD-1000 flame detector has Analog 0-20 mA, Modbus and Relay Contact outputs, and the input and output terminals can be used as described in Figure 3 and Table 4.
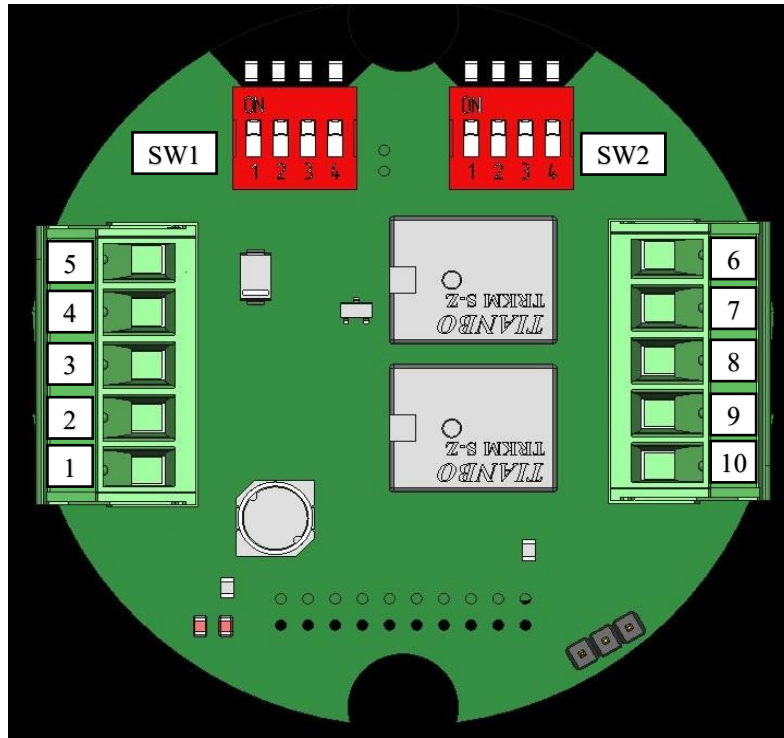
Figure 3: Terminals Arrangment and their numbering

Table 4: Terminals and their numbering

Item	Configuration	Description
1	V+	Positive Voltage Input (24 VDC)
2	V-	Negative Voltage Input (0)
3	mA	0-20 mA Current Output
4	485-A	RS485 Positive Signal
5	485-B	RS485 Negative Signal
6	ALA	Alarm Relay Common Connection Output
7	ALB	Alarm Relay Normally Open Connection Output
8	TRBA	Fault Relay Common Connection Output
9	TRBB	Fault Relay Normally Open Connection Output
10	-	Not used

10 Wiring Diagrams

The SFD-1000 flame detector has Analog 0-20 mA, Modbus and Relay Contact outputs, and can be used as described as follow:

10.1 Using Relays Wiring Diagram

In order to use the relay outputs in accordance with Figure 4, you can use pins 6 and 7 of the Alram (AL) relay to display the Alarm Condition and pins 8 and 9 of the TRB relay to display the Fault Condition state. Keep in mind that in this case, the detector needs to be connected to the power supply in pins 1 (V+ or 24 VDC) and 2 (V- or 0).
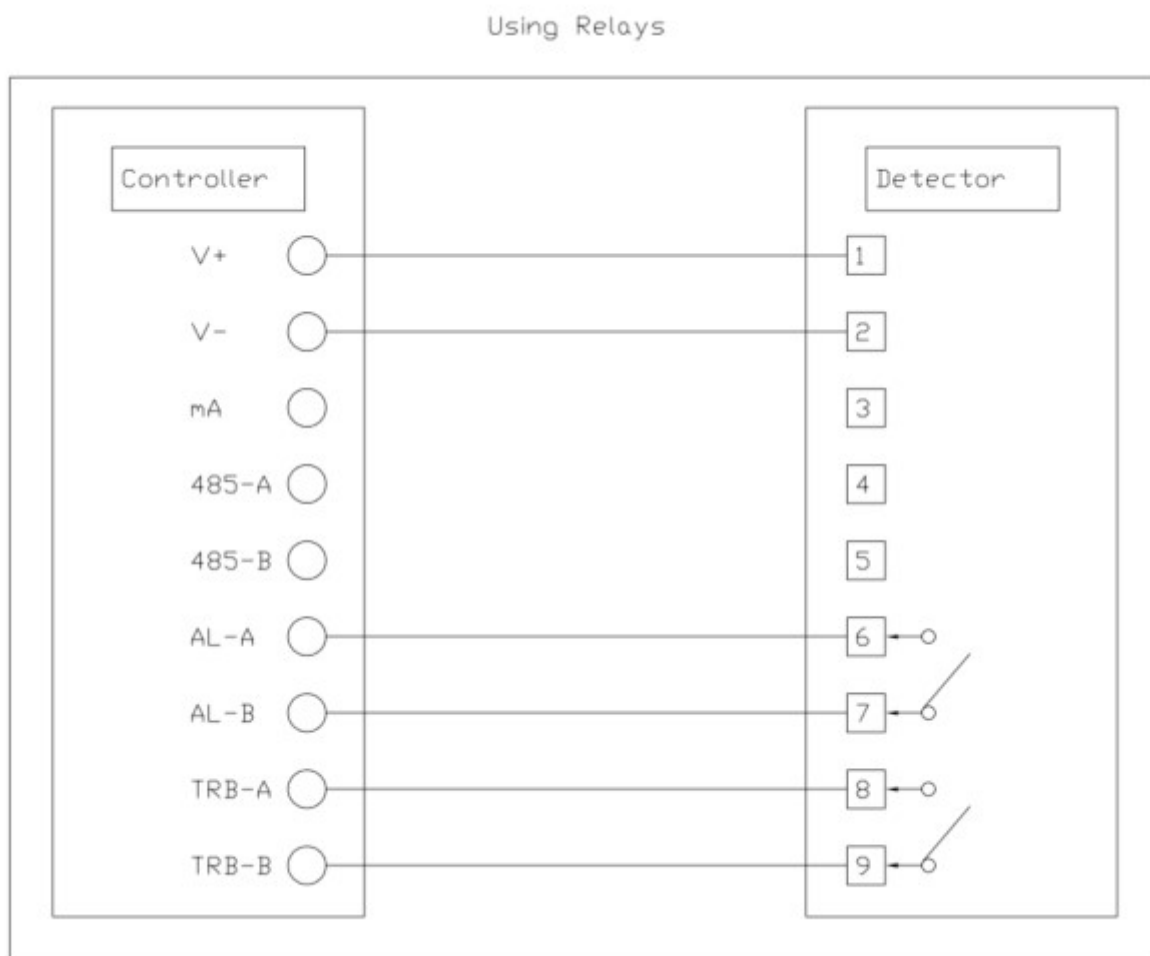
Figure 4: Using Relay Contact Wiring Diagram

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10.2 Using Analog Output Wiring Diagram

In order to use the analog output, according to Figure 5, you can use pins 1 (V+ or 24 VDC), 2 (V- or 0) and pin 3 (mA).
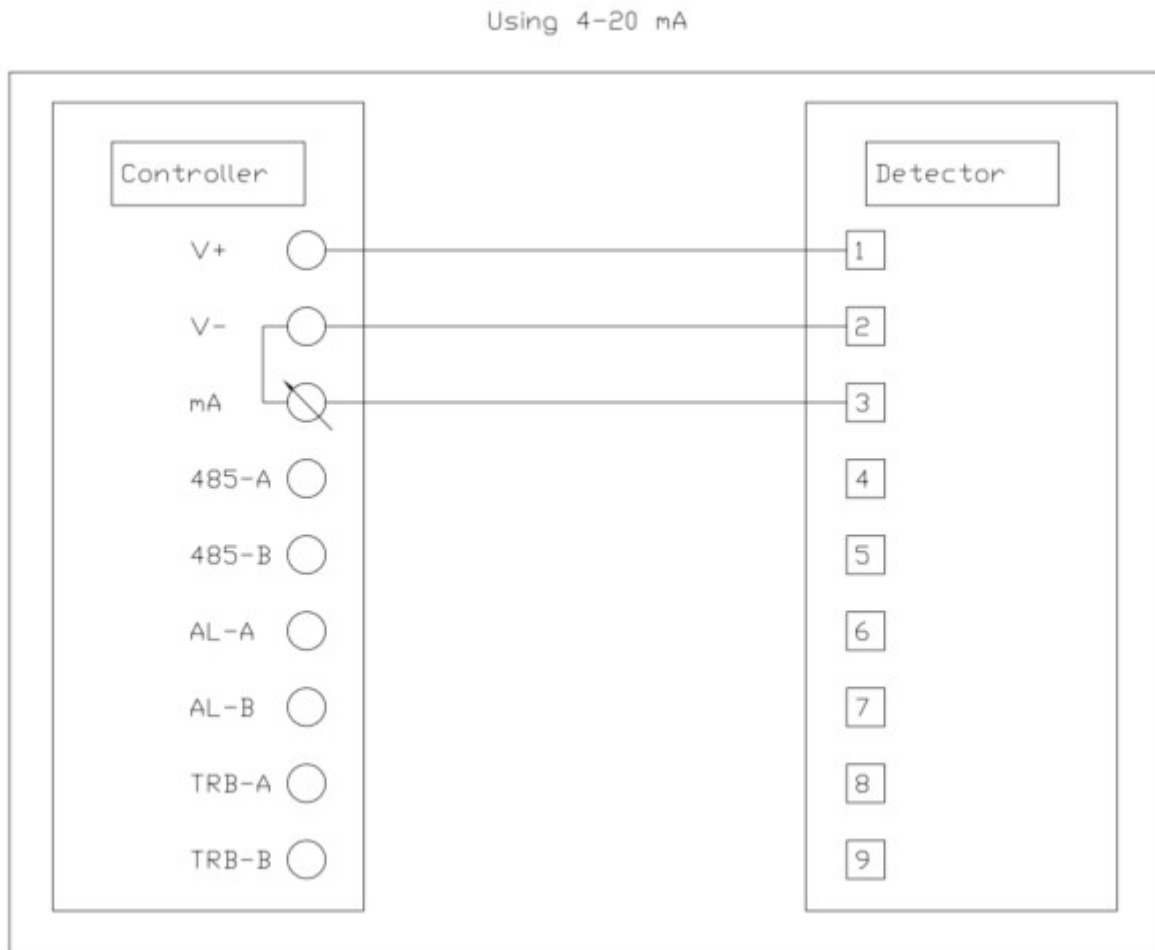
Figure 5: Using 4-20 mA Analog output

10.3 Using Modbus Output Wiring Diagram

To use the Modbus output, according to Figure 6, pins 1 (V+ or 24 VDC), 2 (V- or 0) to supply 24 VDC and pins 4 (485-A) and 5 (485-B) to Installing 16 detectors and receiving their information is used.

In this case, equipment numbering is done by Dip Switch named SW2.
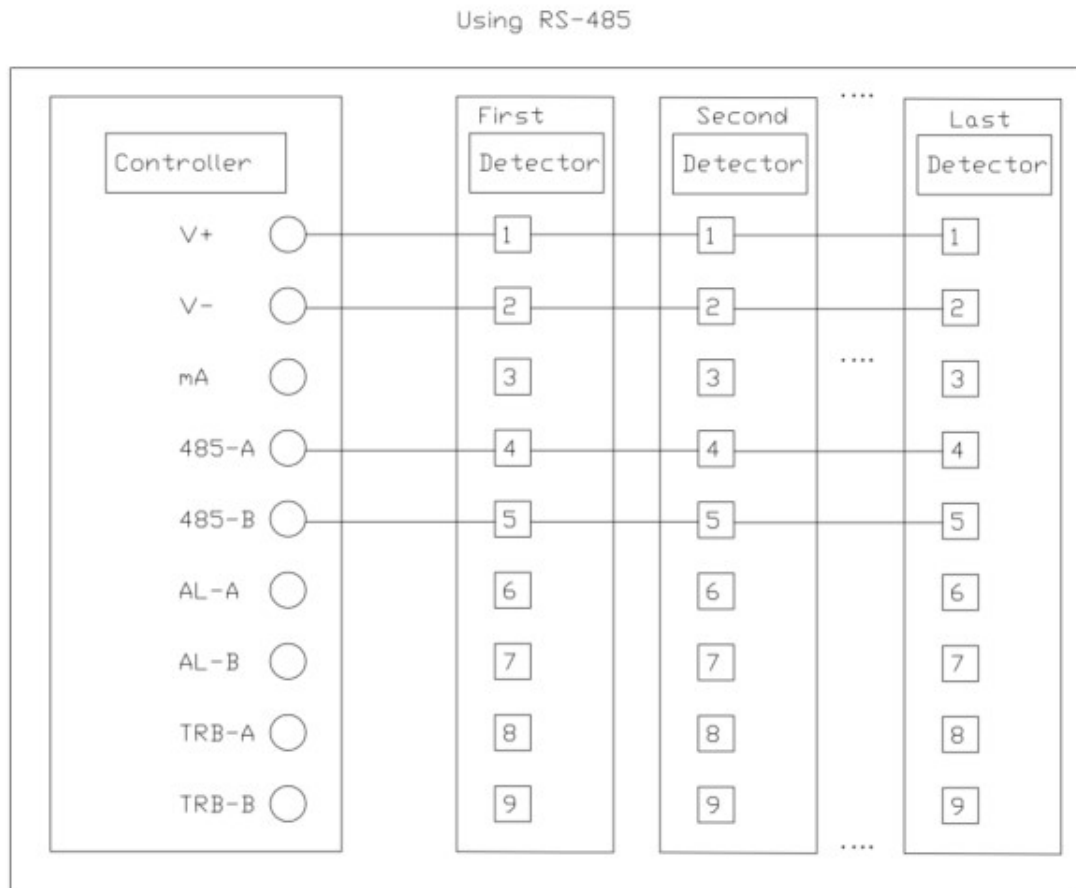
Figure 6: Using Modbus Output Wiring Diagram

Detector Addressing for using Modbus output

If SFD-1000 detectors are installed in series, up to 16 detectors can be set and Modbus signal can be used to monitor the status.

Note: Factory default settings are Address No. is 1.

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Table 5: Addressing Detectors

Item	Description	Configuration	SW2	Switch Position (1 2 3 4)	Factory configuration
1		Address No. 1		ON: ■□□□ / OFF: □■■■	
2		Address No. 2		ON: □■□□ / OFF: ■□■■	
3		Address No. 3		ON: ■■□□ / OFF: □□■■	
4		Address No. 4		ON: □□■□ / OFF: ■■□■	
5		Address No. 5		ON: ■□■□ / OFF: □■□■	
6		Address No. 6		ON: □■■□ / OFF: ■□□■	
7		Address No. 7		ON: ■■■□ / OFF: □□□■	
8	Modbus Address	Address No. 8	1-4	ON: □□□■ / OFF: ■■■□	1
9		Address No. 9		ON: ■□□■ / OFF: □■■□	
10		Address No. 10		ON: □■□■ / OFF: ■□■□	
11		Address No. 11		ON: ■■□■ / OFF: □□■□	
12		Address No. 12		ON: □□■■ / OFF: ■■□□	
13		Address No. 13		ON: ■□■■ / OFF: □■□□	
14		Address No. 14		ON: □■■■ / OFF: ■□□□	
15		Address No. 15		ON: ■■■■ / OFF: □□□□	
16		Address No. 16		ON: □□□□ / OFF: ■■■■	

11 Drawings and Dimensions

Bottom view
Scale: 1:1

Top view
Scale: 1:1

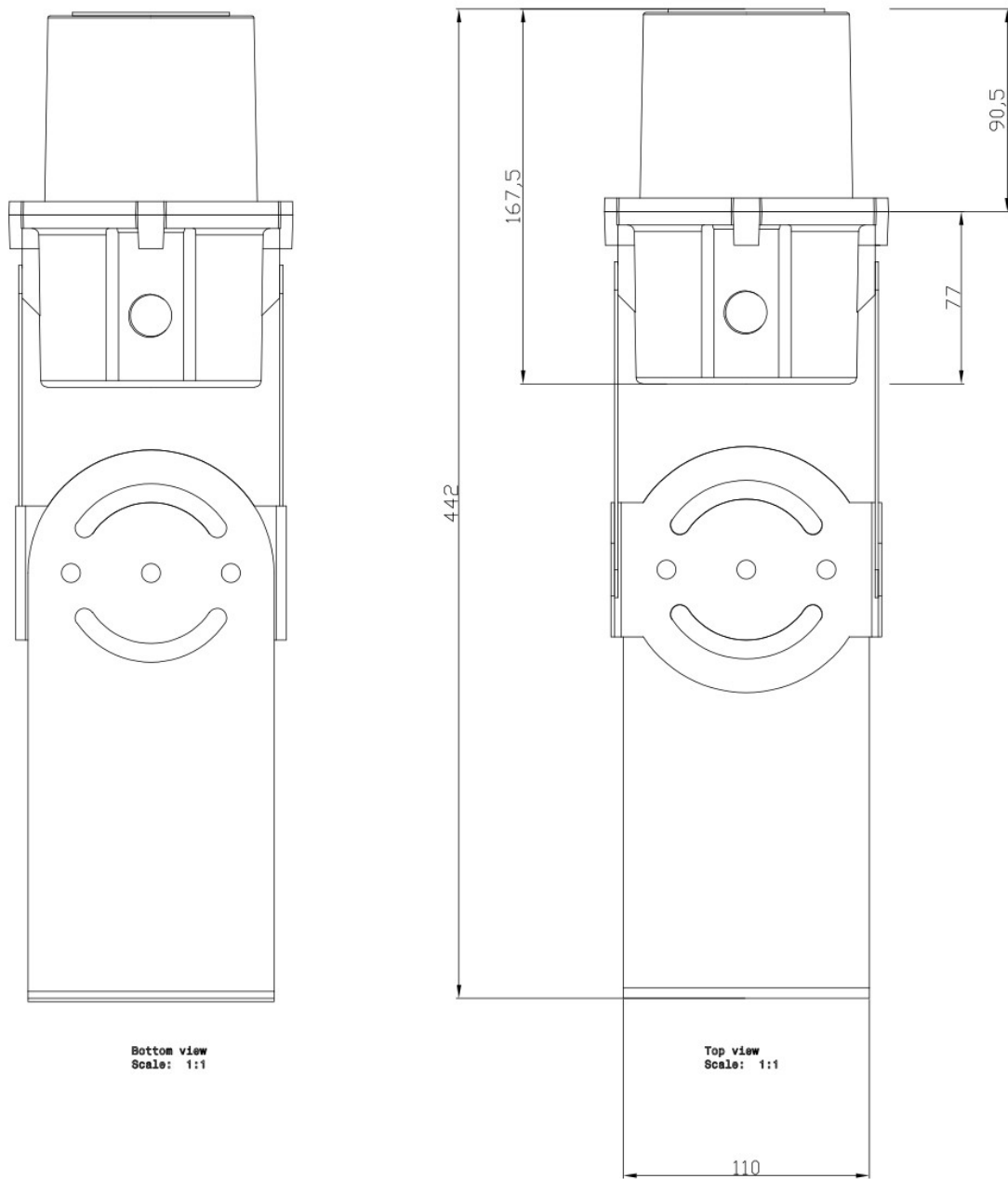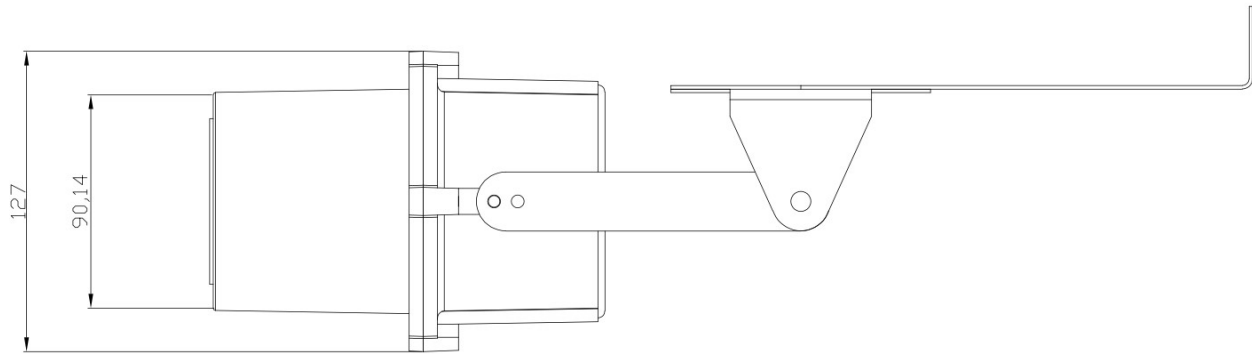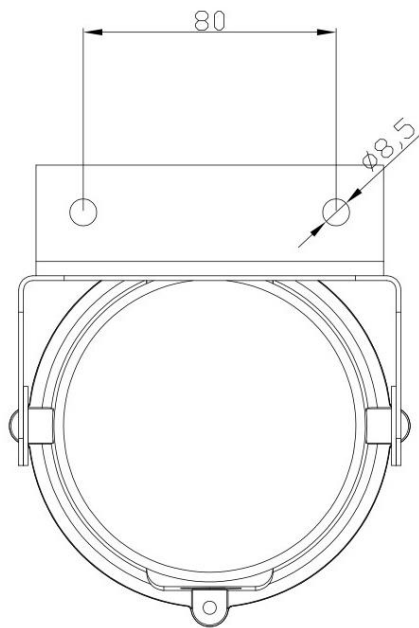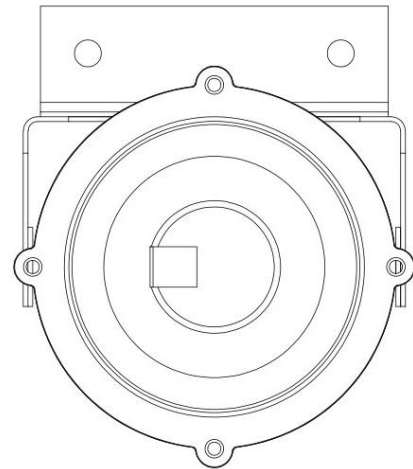*Figure 7: Detector Top and Bottom View*

Right view
Scale: 1:1

Figure 8: Detector Right View

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Rear view
Scale: 1:1

Front view
Scale: 1:1

Figure 9: Detector Front and Rear View